

THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS

In questa scheda imparerai a parlare di azioni e fatti che stanno succedendo proprio ora, mentre parliamo, e a formare domande e frasi negative con il Present Continuous. Cominciamo!

PRESENT CONTINUOUS / Azioni che stanno succedendo adesso

Usiamo il Present Continuous per parlare di qualcosa che sta succedendo adesso, mentre ne parliamo.

Per formarlo facciamo così

SUBJECT

+

AM / IS / ARE

+

VERB + -ING**I am reading.****She is playing.****They are running.**

Per la forma negativa aggiungiamo not

I am not reading.**He isn't sleeping.****They aren't playing.**

**Per fare una domanda, mettiamo am / is / are
prima della persona**

**Are you reading?
Is she playing?
What are they doing?**

**Parole come now, right now, at the moment
(adesso proprio adesso, in questo momento)
ci aiutano a capire che l'azione
sta succedendo adesso**

I am playing right now



1 Now or Every Day? / Adesso o di solito?

Guarda ogni frase e scegli se si sta parlando di qualcosa che succede proprio ora o di qualcosa che succede di solito. La prima l'abbiamo fatta noi.



1. Look! Mia is riding her bike. → **NOW** ✓



2. Ben plays football every Saturday.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY



3. Listen! The baby is crying.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY



4. Emma reads a book before bed every night.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY



5. Look! Tom is eating an ice cream.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY



6. We go swimming on Sundays.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY



7. The children are playing in the garden at the moment. → NOW / EVERY DAY



8. Sofia watches cartoons after school.
→ NOW / EVERY DAY

2 Freeze Frame! / Che cosa sta succedendo?

Immagina di mettere in pausa un video. Guarda le immagini e completa ogni frase con il Present Continuous. La prima l'abbiamo fatta noi.

eat

listen

text

take

play

read

do



1. **Ben is running** ✓

2. Emma _____ a sandwich.

3. Leo _____ a photo.

4. Sofia _____ to music.

5. Ben and Emma _____ football.

6. Leo _____ a message.

7. Sofia _____ a book.

8. Ben _____ his homework.

3

Spot the Difference! / Trova le differenze

Guarda le immagini A e B. Ci sono parecchie differenze.
Per ogni differenza, completa la frase usando il Present Continuous. Il primo esempio è fatto.

A

B



1. In picture A, Ben is **reading**.
In picture B, Ben is **drawing**. ✓



2. In picture A, Emma is
In picture B, she is



3. In picture A, Leo is
In picture B, he is



4. In picture A, Sofia is
In picture B, she is



5. In picture A, Ben is
In picture B, he is



6. In picture A, Emma is
In picture B, she is

4 Fix the Sentence! / Aggiusta la frase

Ops, le frasi seguenti sono tutte in disordine! Leggi bene le parole e mettile nell'ordine corretto per formare una frase. La prima l'abbiamo fatta noi come esempio.

1. playing / is / Tom / football

→ **Tom is playing football. ✓**

2. not / Emma / is / sleeping

→

3. you / are / what / doing / ?

→

4. watching / they / aren't / TV

→

5. is / Ben / reading / a book / ?

→

6. at the moment / cooking / I / am

→

7. the children / playing / are / outside / ?

→

8. isn't / Leo / listening / to music

→

SOLUZIONI

1 Activity 1

1) NOW; 2) EVERY DAY; 3) NOW; 4) EVERY DAY;
5) NOW; 6) EVERY DAY; 7) NOW; 8) EVERY DAY.

2 Activity 2

1) is running; 2) is eating; 3) is taking; 4) is listening;
5) are playing; 6) is texting; 7) is reading; 8) is doing.

3 Activity 3

2) A reading, B drawing 3) A eating, B drinking
4) A running B jumping 5) A playing B listening
6) A writing B using a phone

4 Activity 4

1) Tom is playing football. 2) Emma is not sleeping.
3) What are you doing? 4) They aren't watching TV.
5) Is Ben reading a book? 6) I am cooking at the moment.
7) Are the children playing outside?
8) Leo isn't listening to music.

